**FILED** 

## NOT FOR PUBLICATION

JUL 31 2006

## UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

CATHY A. CATTERSON, CLERK U.S. COURT OF APPEALS

## FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

JOSE DE JESUS CASTELLON PLASCENCIA; MARIA DE JESUS FLORES-SUAREZ,

Petitioners,

v.

ALBERTO R. GONZALES, Attorney General,

Respondent.

No. 05-72879

Agency Nos. A75-531-716 A75-531-717

MEMORANDUM\*

On Petition for Review of an Order of the Board of Immigration Appeals

Submitted July 24, 2006\*\*

Before: ALARCÓN, HAWKINS, and THOMAS, Circuit Judges.

Jose De Jesus Castellon Plascencia and Maria De Jesus Flores-Suarez, husband and wife and natives and citizens of Mexico, petition for review of the

<sup>\*</sup> This disposition is not appropriate for publication and may not be cited to or by the courts of this circuit except as provided by 9th Cir. R. 36-3.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The panel unanimously finds this case suitable for decision without oral argument. *See* Fed. R. App. P. 34(a)(2).

Board of Immigration Appeals' order dismissing their appeal from an immigration judge's decision denying their applications for cancellation of removal. We have jurisdiction under 8 U.S.C. § 1252. We review de novo claims of constitutional violations in immigration proceedings. *See Ram v. INS*, 243 F.3d 510, 516 (9th Cir. 2001). We deny the petition for review.

Petitioners' contention that the hardship standard for cancellation of removal violates equal protection is unavailing, because the United States citizen child of an illegal immigrant is not similarly situated to the United States citizen child of a person lawfully present in the United States. *See Dillingham v. INS*, 267 F.3d 996, 1007 (9th Cir. 2001) ("In order to succeed on his [equal protection] challenge, the petitioner must establish that his treatment differed from that of similarly situated persons.").

## PETITION FOR REVIEW DENIED.